

Rabbit anti PPARd Polyclonal Antibody

Alternative Name(s): peroxisome proliferator activated receptor delta; PPAR-delta; PPAR-beta

Order Information

Description: PPARd
Catalogue: 600-180
Lot: See label
Size: 100ug/200ul
Host: Rabbit
Clone: nan

• Application: IHC(P), WB

• Reactivity: Hu

ANTIGEN PREPARATION

The full-length recombinant protein of human PPAR-delta

BACKGROUND

The Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor delta (PPAR-delta) is a ligand activated transcription factor belonging to the nuclear receptor superfamily. PPARs bind peroxisome proliferators and control the size and number of peroxisomes produced by cells. PPARs mediate a variety of biological processes, and may be involved in the development of several chronic diseases, including diabetes, obesity, atherosclerosis, and cancer. The PPAR-beta is a potent inhibitor of ligand-induced transcription activity of PPAR alpha and PPAR gamma. It may function as an integrator of transcription repression and nuclear receptor signaling.

PURIFICATION

The Rabbit IgG is purified by Epitope Affinity Purification

FORMULATION

This affinity purified antibody is supplied in sterile Phosphatebuffered saline (pH7.2) containing antibody stabilizer

SPECIFICITY

This antibody recognizes human PPAR-delta protein. Others are not tested.

STORAGE

The antibodies are stable for 24 months from date of receipt when stored at -20oC to -70oC. The antibodies can be stored at 2oC-8oC for three month without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freezing-thawing cycles.

APPLICATIONS/SUGGESTED WORKING DILUTIONS*

• Western Blot: 0.1-1 μg/ml

• ELISA: 0.01-0.1 μg/ml

• Immunoprecipitation: 2-5 µg/ml

• IHC: 2-10 µg/ml

· Flow cytometry: Not tested

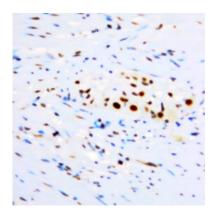
• Molecular Weight: 55.0

• Positive Control: Kidney Tissue

• Cellular Location: Cell Membrane

^{*}Optimal dilutions should be determined by researchers for the specific applications.





Immunohistochemistry: Human Breast carcinoma (FFPE) stained with Rabbit anti-PPARd (Cat# 600-180) at 1:200 for 10 min @ RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissue requires boiling tissue sections in 10 mM Citrate Buffer, pH 6.0 for 10 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 min.

REFERENCES