

Mouse anti ERCC1 Monoclonal Antibody

Alternative Name(s): ERCC1, Excision Repair Cross Complementing

Order Information

Description: ERCC1
Catalogue: 500-5674
Lot: See label
Size: 100ug/200ul
Host: Mouse
Clone: ABM243
Application: IHC(P), WB

• Reactivity: Hu, Rt

ANTIGEN PREPARATION

A full length human ERCC1 recombinant protein.

BACKGROUND

The mammalian ERCC1 (Excision Repair Cross Complementing) polypeptide is required for nucleotide excision repair (NER) of damaged DNA and is homologous to Saccharomyces cerevisiae RAD10, which functions in repair and mitotic intrachromosomal recombination. NER mechanism involves dual incisions on both sides of the damage catalyzed by two nucleases. In mammalian cells XPG cleaves 3' of the DNA lesion while the ERCC1-XPF complex makes the 5' incision. Elevated levels of ERCC1 have also been reported in Cisplatin-resistant cells.

PURIFICATION

The mouse IgG is purified by Protein A-Affinity Chromatography according to Isotyping

FORMULATION

This affinity purified antibody is supplied in sterile Phosphatebuffered saline (pH7.2) containing antibody stabilizer

SPECIFICITY

This antibody recognizes 34 kDa of ERCC1. It reacts with human or rat. The other species are not tested.

STORAGE

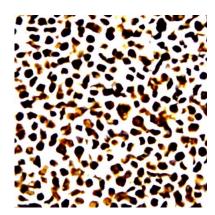
The antibodies are stable for 24 months from date of receipt when stored at -20oC to -70oC. The antibodies can be stored at 2oC-8oC for three month without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freezing-thawing cycles.

APPLICATIONS/SUGGESTED WORKING DILUTIONS*

- Western Blot: 0.1-1 μg/ml
- ELISA: 0.01-0.1 μg/ml
- Immunoprecipitation: 2-5 μg/ml
- IHC: 2-10 µg/ml
- · Flow cytometry: Not tested
- Molecular Weight: 33.0
- Positive Control: Kidney Tissue
- Cellular Location: Cell Membrane

^{*}Optimal dilutions should be determined by researchers for the specific applications.





Immunohistochemistry: The whole cell pallet HT29 (FFPE) stained with Mouse anti ERCC1 (Cat# 500-5674) at 1:200 for 10 min @ RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissue requires boiling tissue sections in 10 mM Citrate Buffer, pH 6.0 for 10 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 min.

REFERENCES