

# Rabbit anti FGFR-3 Polyclonal Antibody

Alternative Name(s): fibroblast growth factor receptor 3

### **Order Information**

Description: FGFR-3
Catalogue: 500-10234
Lot: See label
Size: 100ug/200ul
Host: Rabbit
Clone: nan

• Application: IHC(P), WB • Reactivity: Hu, Ms,Rt

### **ANTIGEN PREPARATION**

A 14aa synthetic peptide derived from aa 359-372 of human FGFR-3 protein.

### **BACKGROUND**

The fibroblast growth factors (FGFs) are members of a large family of structurally related polypeptides that are potent physiological regulators of growth and differentiation for a wide variet of cells of mesodermal, ectodermal and endodermal origin. Four genes encoding for high affinity cell surface FGF receptors (FGFRs) have been identified: FGFR-1, FGFR-2, FGFR-3 and FGFR-4.FGFRs are emembers of the tyrosine kinase family of growth factor receptors. FGFR-3 is widely expressed in many fetal and adult human and animal tissues.

### **PURIFICATION**

The Rabbit IgG is purified by Epitope Affinity Purification

## **FORMULATION**

This affinity purified antibody is supplied in sterile Phosphatebuffered saline (pH7.2) containing antibody stabilizer

### **SPECIFICITY**

This antibody recognizes FGFR-3 protein. It cross-reacts to human, mouse and rat. Others are not tested.

#### STORAGE

The antibodies are stable for 24 months from date of receipt when stored at -20oC to -70oC. The antibodies can be stored at 2oC-8oC for three month without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freezing-thawing cycles.

### APPLICATIONS/SUGGESTED WORKING DILUTIONS\*

• Western Blot: 0.1-1 µg/ml

• ELISA: nan

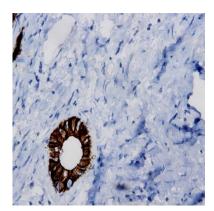
• Immunoprecipitation: 2-5 µg/ml

• IHC: 1-5 µg/ml

Flow cytometry: Not tested
Molecular Weight: 120.0
Positive Control: Kidney Tissue
Cellular Location: Cell Membrane

\*Optimal dilutions should be determined by researchers for the specific applications.





Immunohistochemistry: : Human breast carcinoma stained with anti-FGFR-3 (Cat# 500-10234) at 1:50 dilution for 10 min @ RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissue requires boiling tissue sections in 10 mM Citrate Buffer, pH 6.0 for 10 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 min.

### **REFERENCES**